

What did we learn from the structures of Membrane Associated Proteins in Eicosanoid and Glutathione Metabolism, MAPEG?

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Caroline Jegerschöld, Qie Kuang, Pasi Purhonen

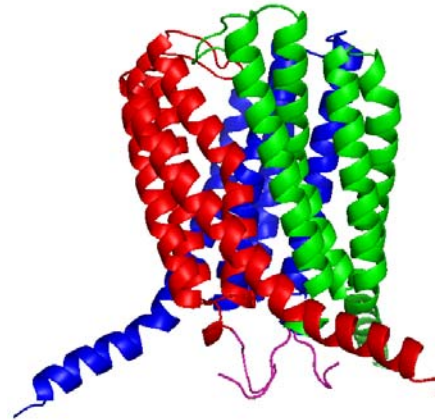
MGST1



FLAP



LTC4S

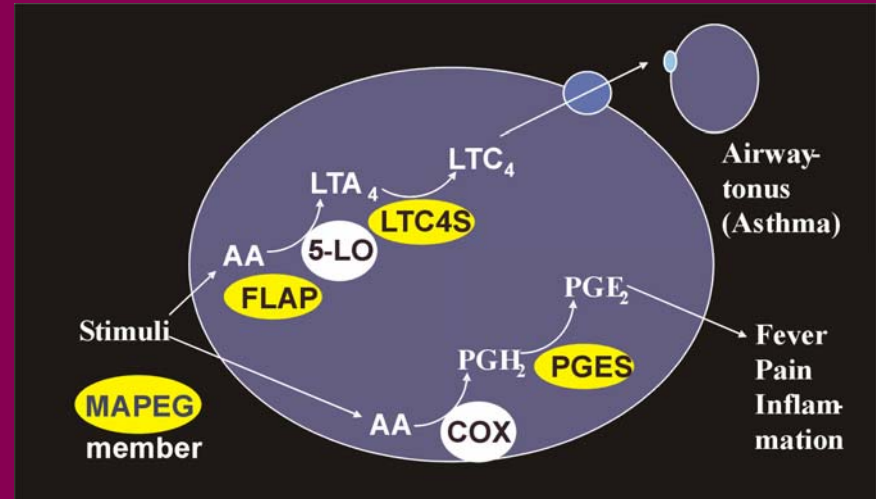


MPGES1

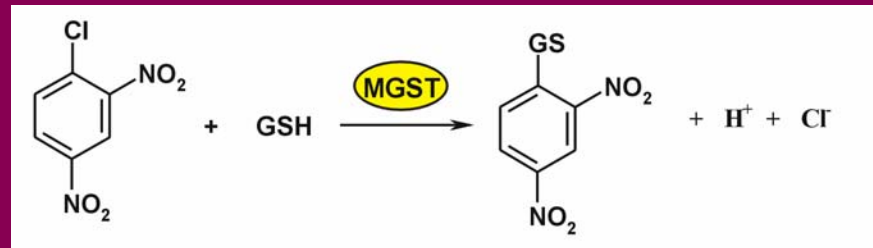


Eicosanoid and glutathione metabolism and MAPEG

- Synthesis of arachidonic acid derived substances



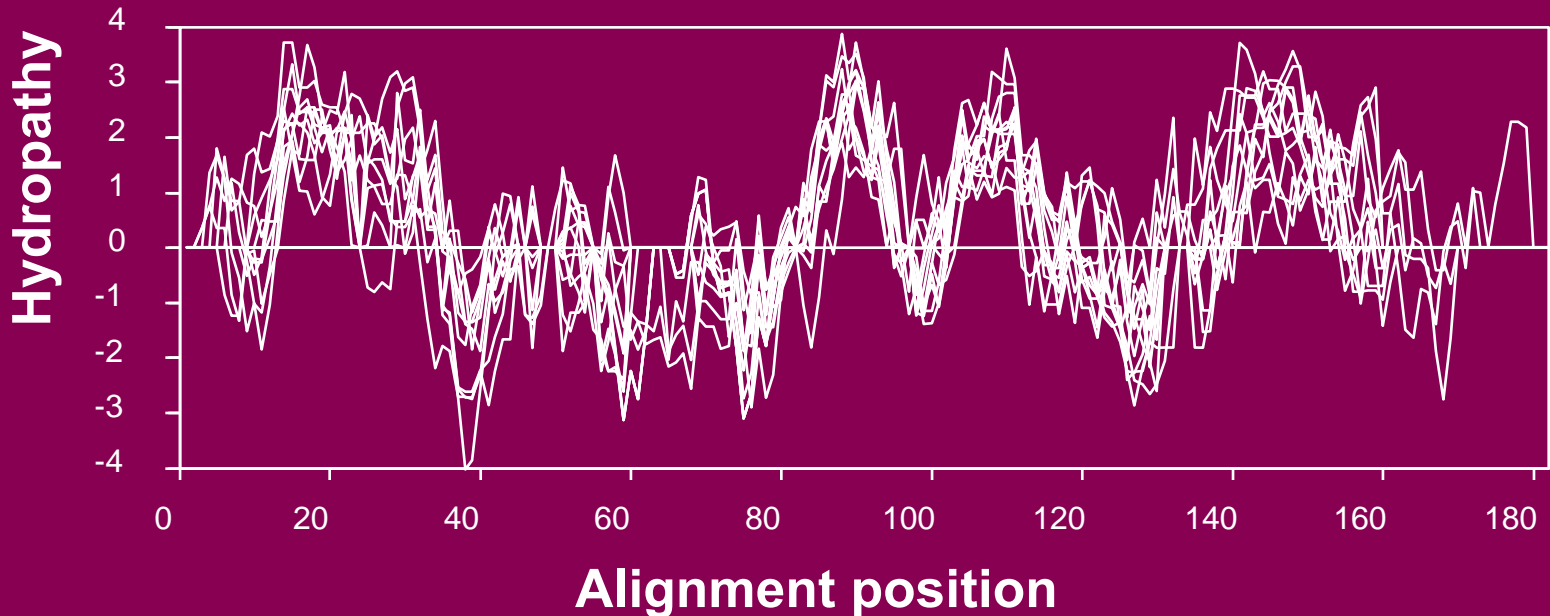
- Detoxification



MAPEG superfamily

Membrane Associated Proteins in Eicosanoid and Glutathione Metabolism

- **MGST1**
Microsomal glutathione transferase 1
- **MGST2**
- **MGST3**
- **LTC4S, Leukotriene C₄ synthase**
- **FLAP, 5-lipoxygenase activating protein**
- **MPGES1**
Microsomal prostaglandin E synthase 1



2D crystals of MGST1

Purification

- Rat liver (3.1% of ER)
- Protocol:
 - Liver
 - Microsomes
 - Triton X100 solubilisation
 - Hydroxyapatite to bind MGST1
 - Cation exchange chromatography

2D crystallization

Protein-detergent-micelles

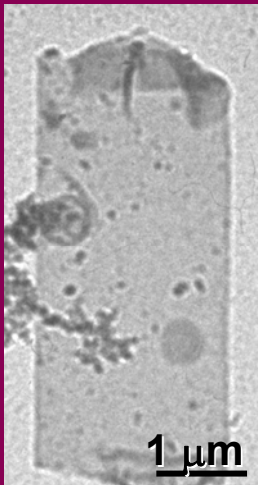
+

Lipid-detergent-micelles

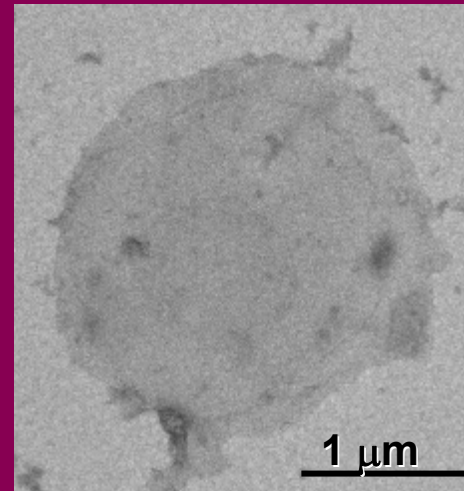
Dialysis

Detergent

2D crystals



P22₁2₁
a=91.9 Å
b=90.8
γ=90.0°

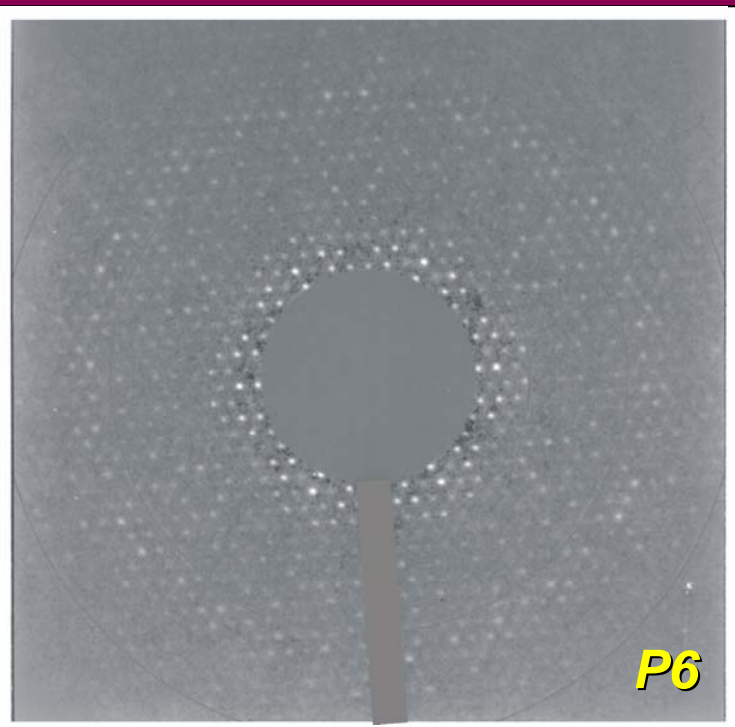
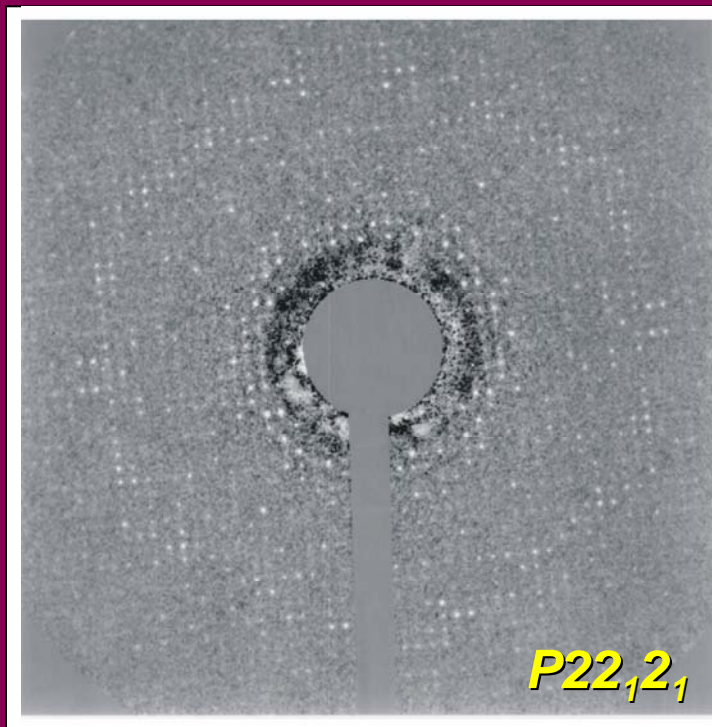


P6
a=81.8 Å
b=81.8
γ=120.0°

What did we learn from the MAPEG structures?

- MGST1 is a homotrimer with 12 TM helices

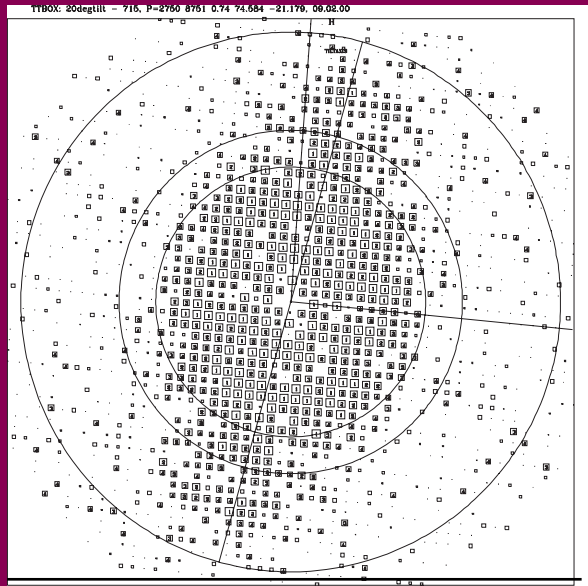
Electron diffraction intensities from the two crystal forms of MGST1



- 44 ED patterns, max tilt 60.6°
- I/σ (overall/(4.0-3.5 Å) 6.0/2.5
- $R_{\text{Friedel}}/R_{\text{merge}}$ 24.9/34.7
- Observed/used amplitudes to 3.5 Å 29211/11073

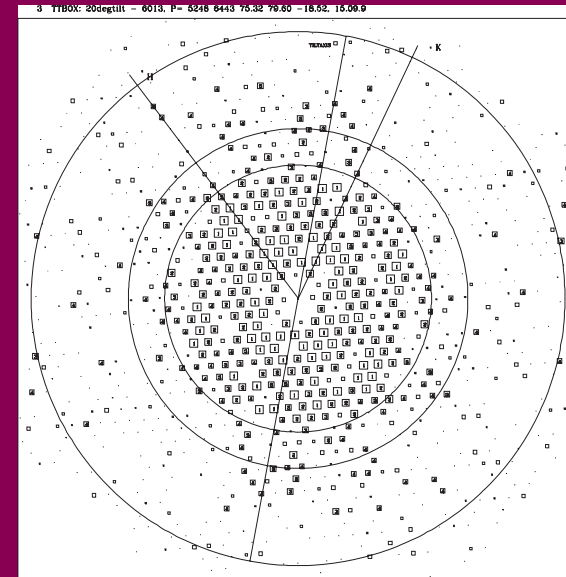
- 120 patterns, max tilt 64.4°
- I/σ (overall/(4.0-3.5 Å) 12.1/6.0
- $R_{\text{Friedel}}/R_{\text{merge}}$ 12.7/28.8
- Observed/used amplitudes to 3.0 Å 51754/5154

Phase data from images of MGST1



P22,2₁, 20°

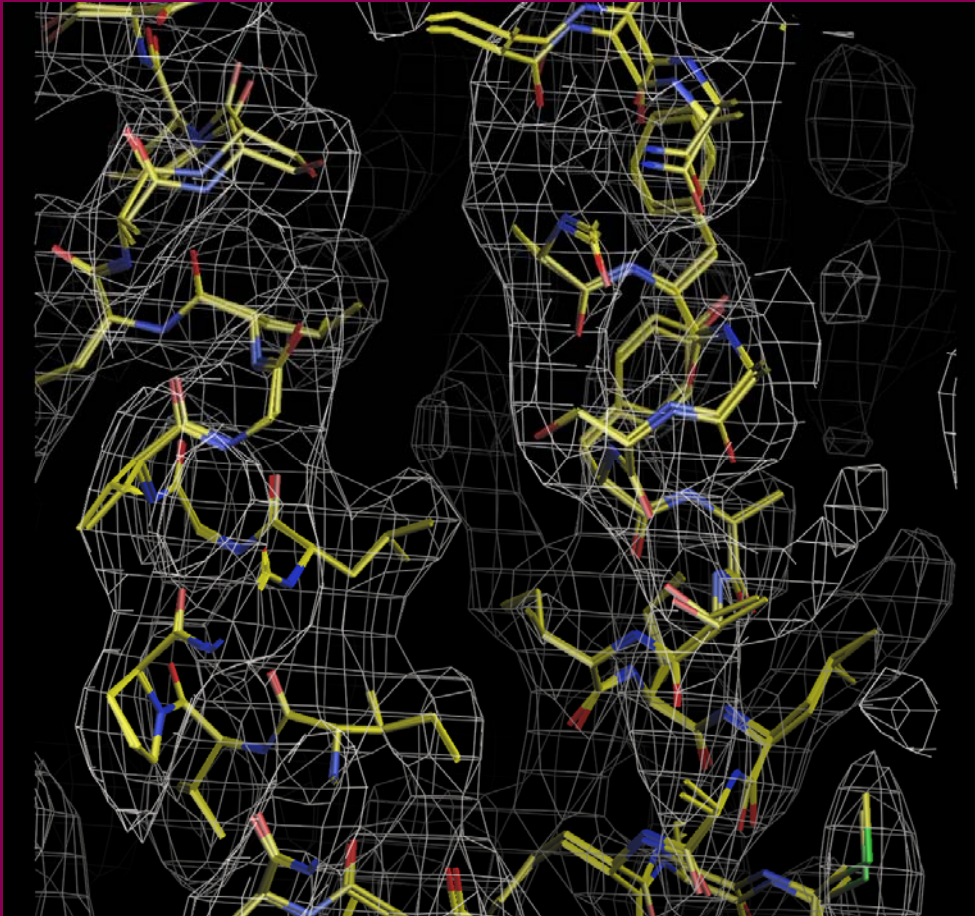
- 77 images, max tilt 62.8°
- Phase residual overall/(4.0-3.5 Å) 21.6°/54.6°
- Observed/used phases to 3.5 Å 41132/9561



P6, 20°

- 53 images, max tilt 62.9°
- Phase residual overall/(4.5-3.5 Å) 30.8°/42.4°
- Observed/used phases to 3.5 Å 17915/5300

Model building and crystallographic refinement



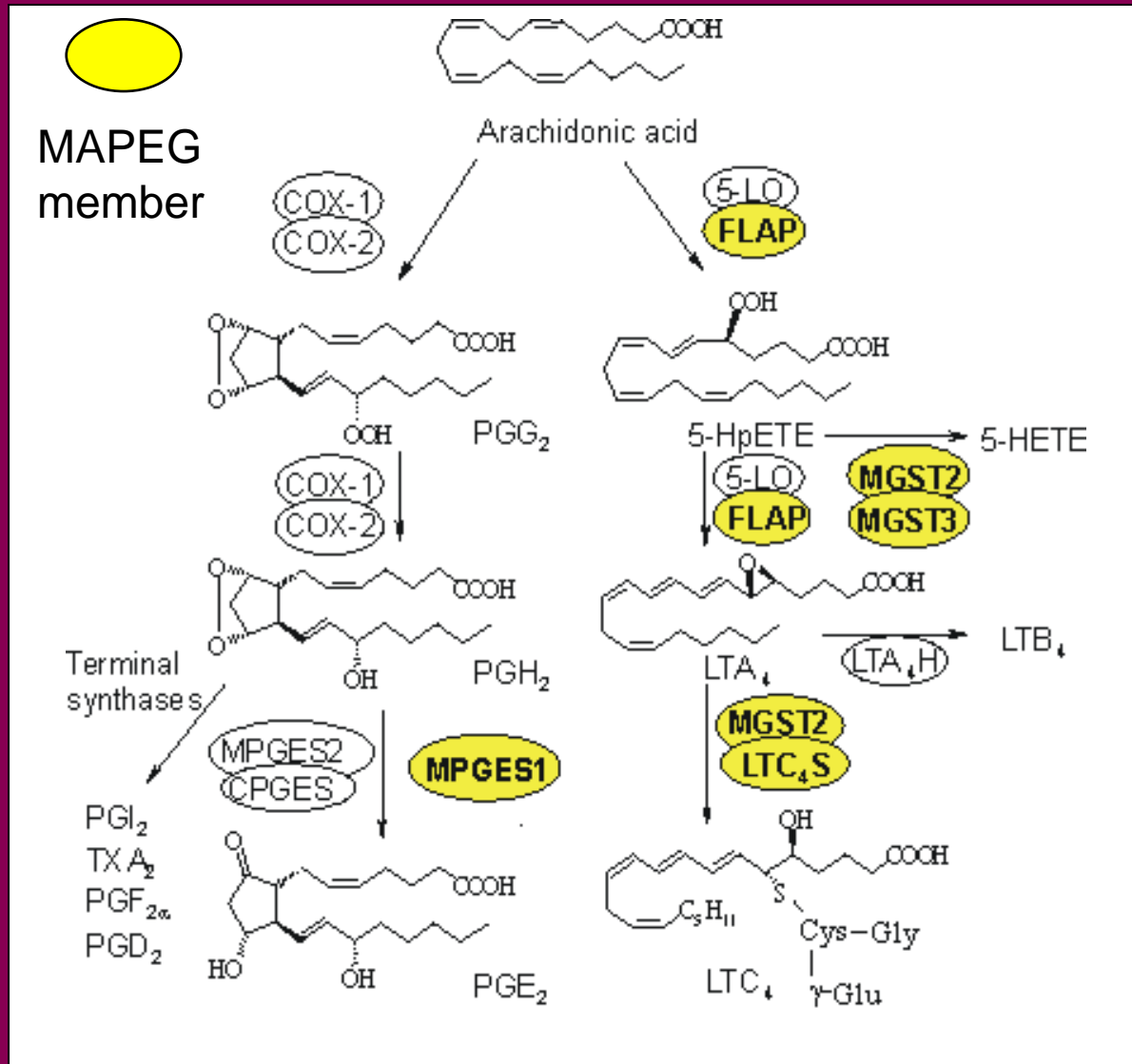
2Fo-Fc map, 1.2σ

- Model building in O
- Refmac5, P6 data
- Tight geometry constraints and restraints
- Observations/refinement parameters ~5.1
- R (10–3.2 Å) 33.9
- R_{free} (10–3.2 Å) 37.6
- R_{ort} (10–3.5 Å) 49.1

What did we learn from the MAPEG structures?

- MGST1 is a homotrimer with 12 TM helices
- Tracing of TM helices identified the common MAPEG fold
- Active site of MGST1 at the interface between monomers, TM1 and TM4 from neighbouring subunits

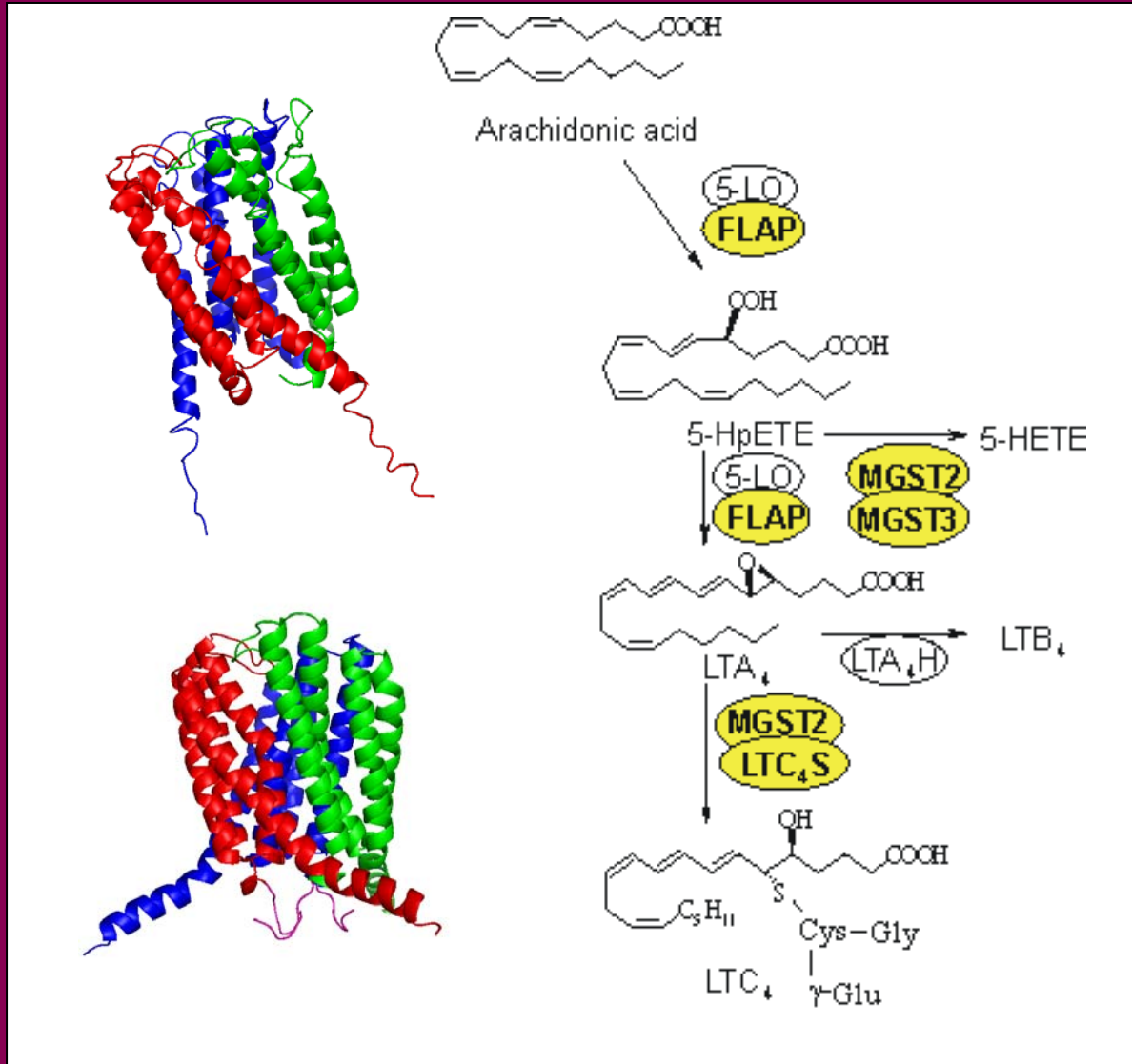
Cyclooxygenase pathways involving MAPEG members



Cyclooxygenase pathways involving MAPEG members

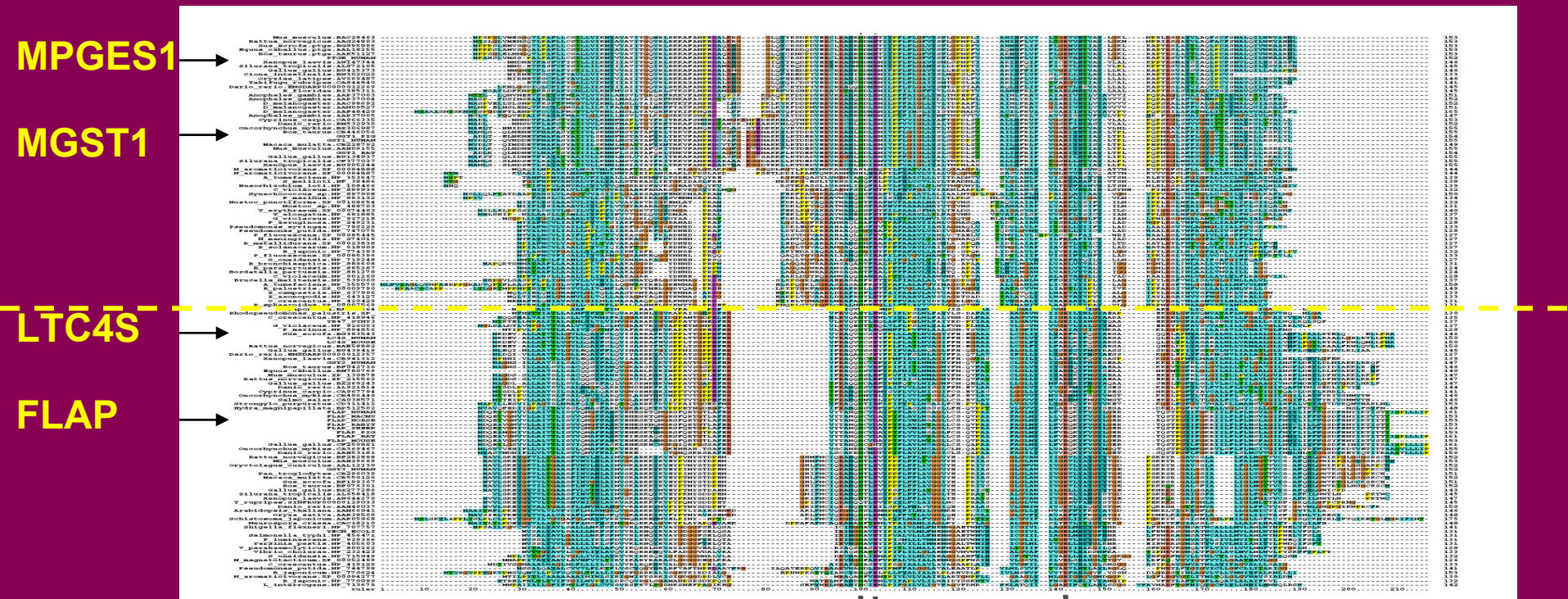
FLAP
Ferguson
et al. 2007

LTC₄S
Molina
et al. 2007
Ago
et al. 2007

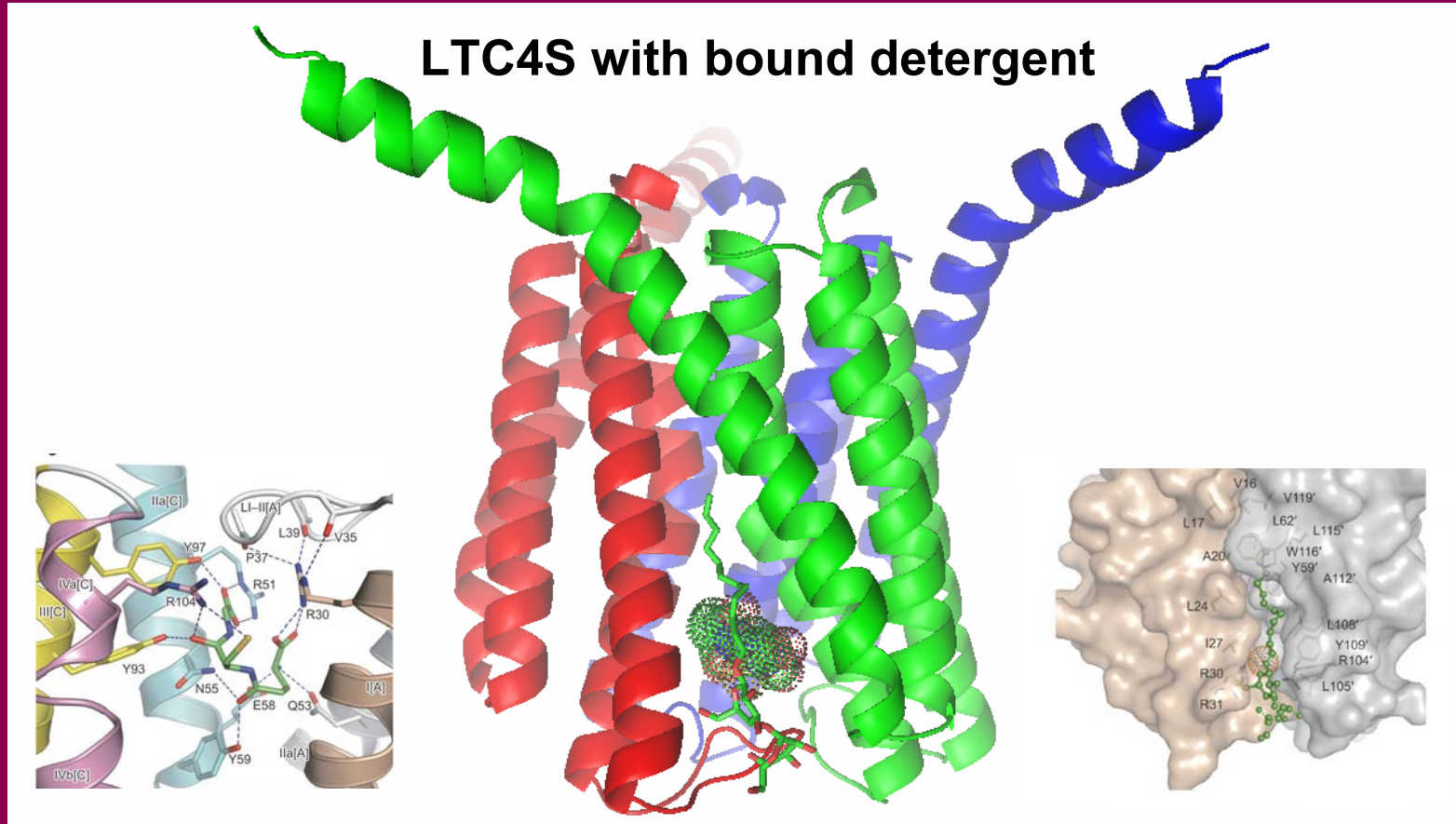


Two MAPEG subfamilies

- MGST1
- Microsomal glutathione transferase 1
- MPGES1
- Microsomal prostaglandin E synthase 1
- MGST2
- MGST3
- LTC4S, Leukotriene C₄ synthase
- FLAP, 5-lipoxygenase activating protein



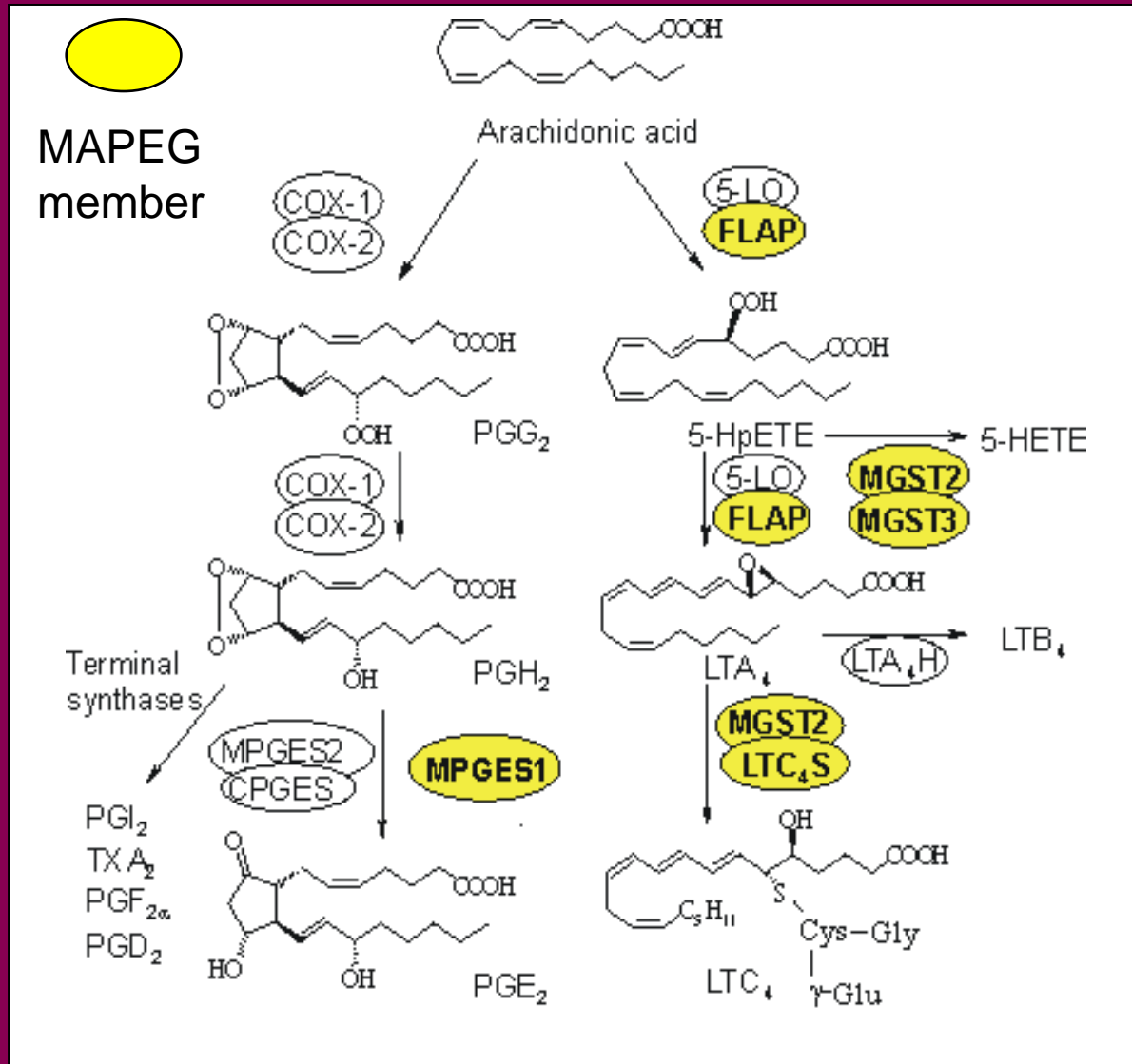
X-ray structures of FLAP and LTC4S



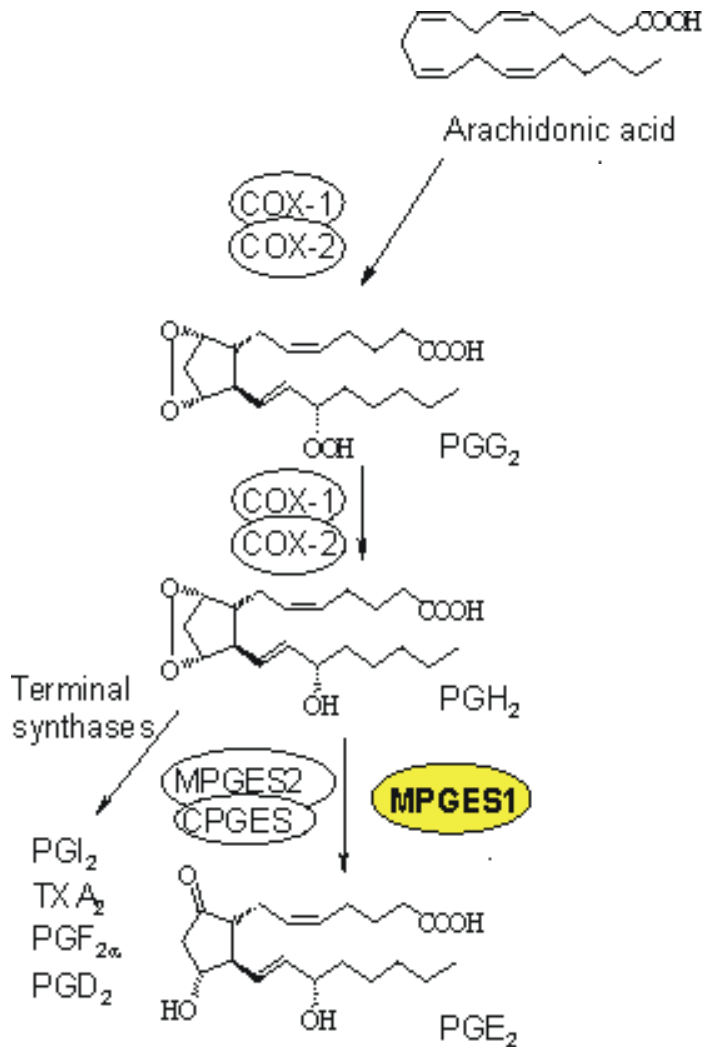
What did we learn from the MAPEG structures?

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- Ligand/inhibitor binding at the site suggested from the MGST1 structure

Cyclooxygenase pathways involving MAPEG members



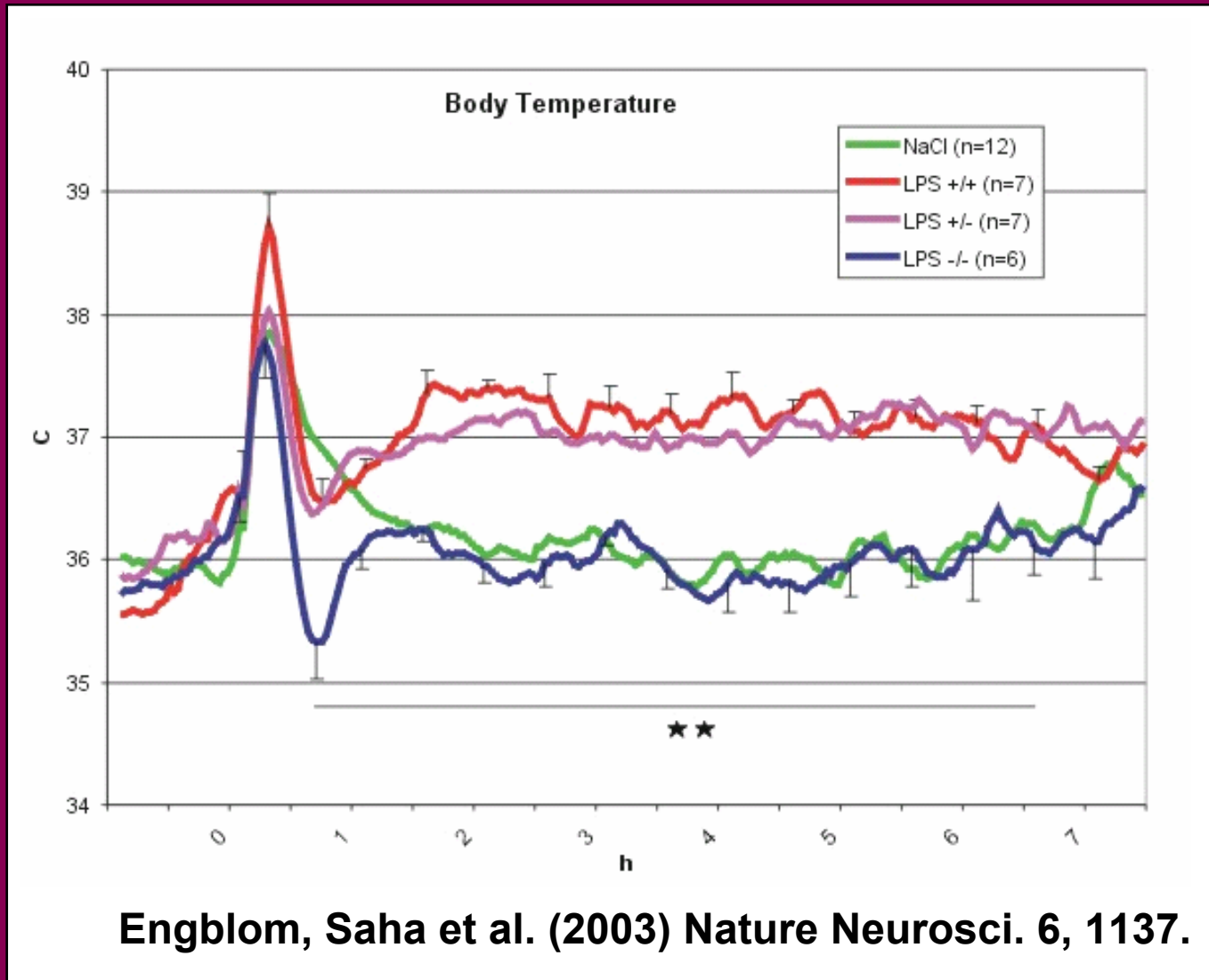
Cyclooxygenase pathways involving MAPEG members



MPGES1...

- ❑ catalyzes the oxidoreduction of prostaglandin endoperoxide H₂ into PGE₂ with an apparent k_{cat}/K_m of 310mM⁻¹s⁻¹.
- ❑ is mainly an induced isomerase, whereas cPGES and MPGES2 are constitutive enzymes.
- ❑ is the terminal enzyme in the catalytic pathway producing PGE₂.
- ❑ is a potential target for the development of therapeutic agents for treatment of several diseases.

MPGES1 k.o. mice fail to develop fever after LPS treatment



2D crystals of MPGES1

Purification

- N-terminal His₆-tag
- pSP19T7LT vector
- *E. coli* BL21(DE3) cells
- HA/IMAC chromatography
- Desalting/gel electrophoresis
- 0.5 - 1 mg/ml protein in 1 % Triton X-100, 100 mM NaPi, 50 mM NaCl, 10% glycerol, 1 mM GSH, and 0.1% EDTA.

2D crystallization

Protein-detergent-micelles

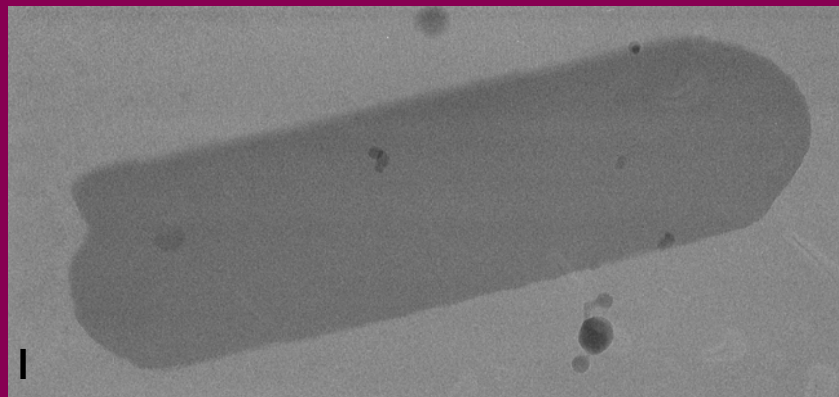
+

Lipid-detergent-micelles

Dialysis

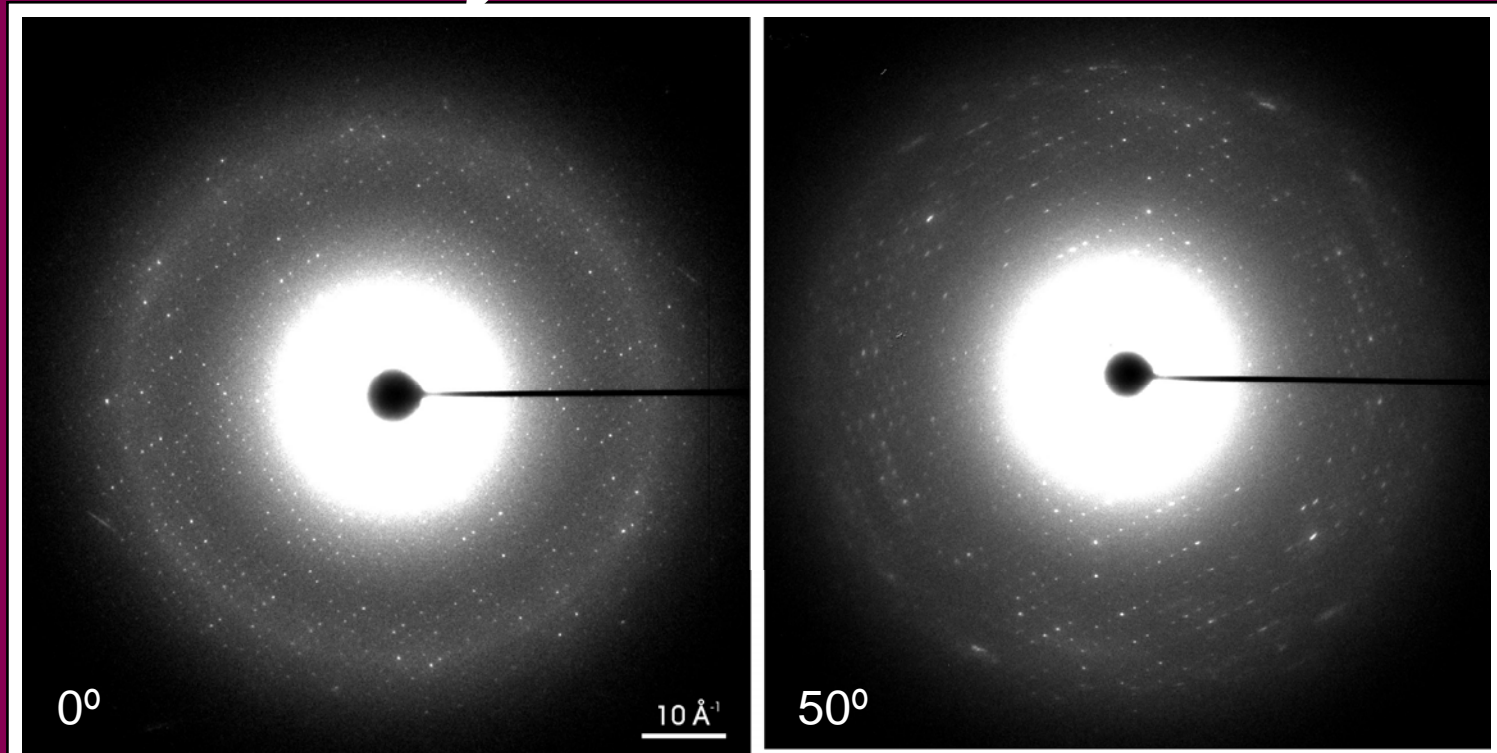
Detergent

2D crystals



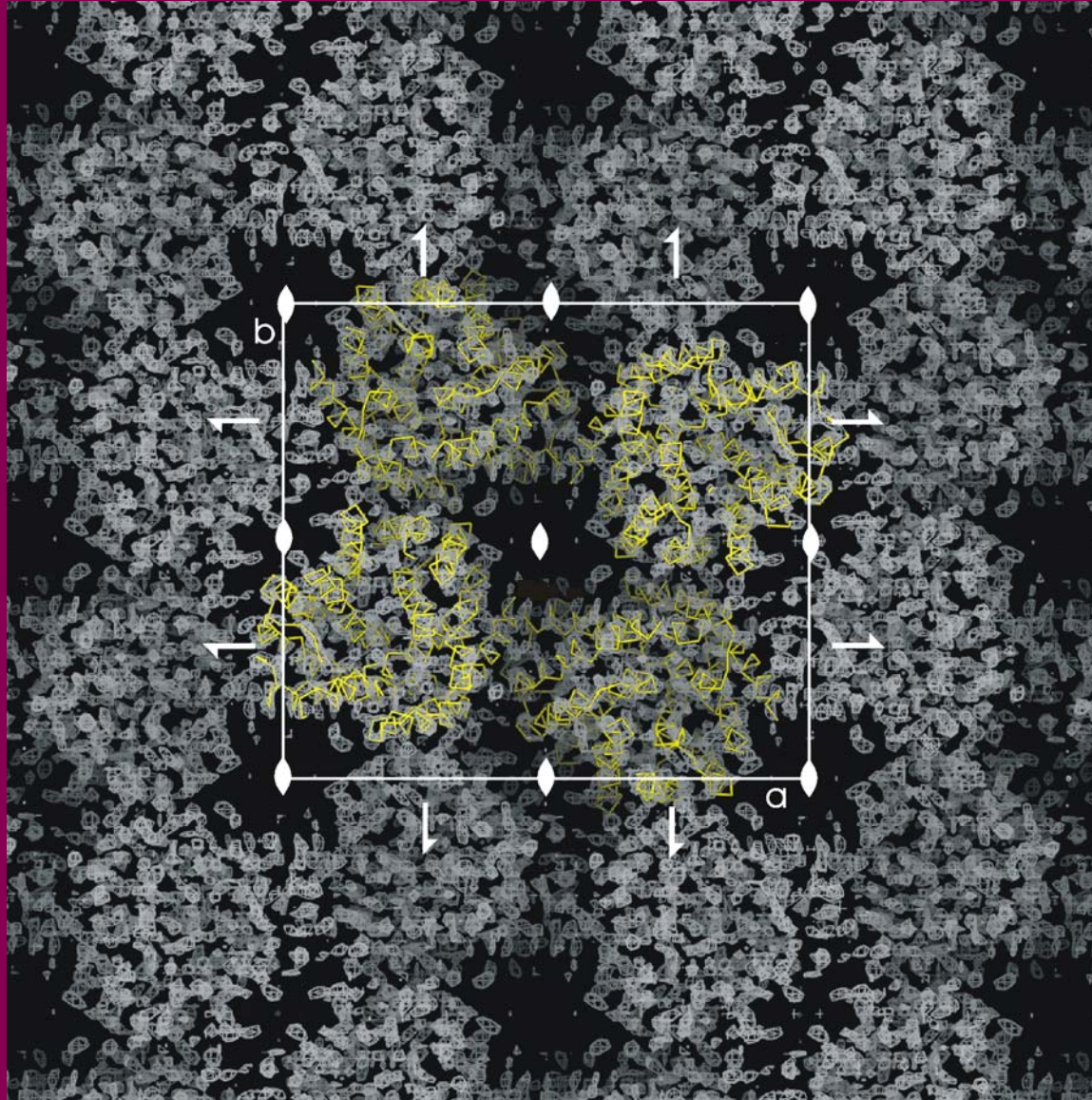
P22₁2₁
a=93.2 Å
b=84.6
γ=90.0°

Electron diffraction intensities from 2D crystals of MPGES1

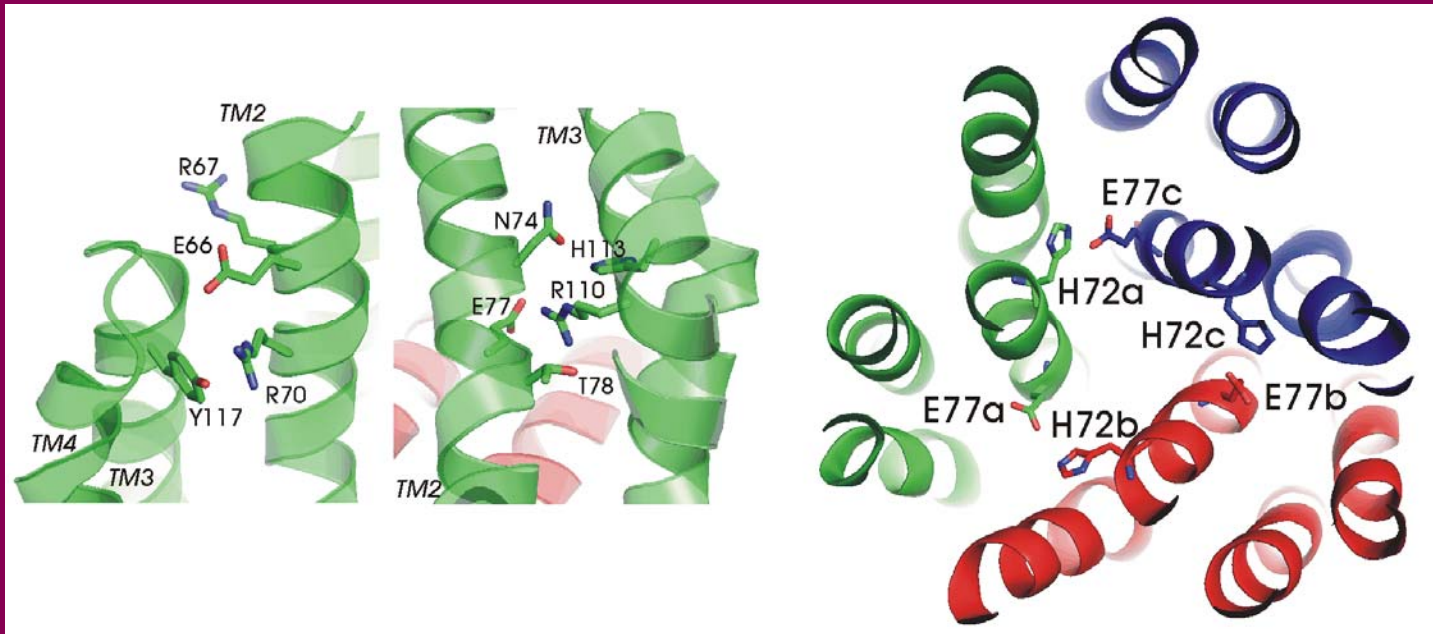


- 100 ED patterns, max tilt 62.0°
- F/σ (overall/(4.0-3.5 Å)) 4.5/3.5
- $R_{\text{Friedel}}/R_{\text{merge}}$ 14.4/46.1
- Observed/used amplitudes 45035/6185
- Resolution in an normal to membrane plane 3.5/4.2 Å.
- Tilt pairs to resolve heterogeneity

Molecular packing of MPGES1 as determined by molecular replacement

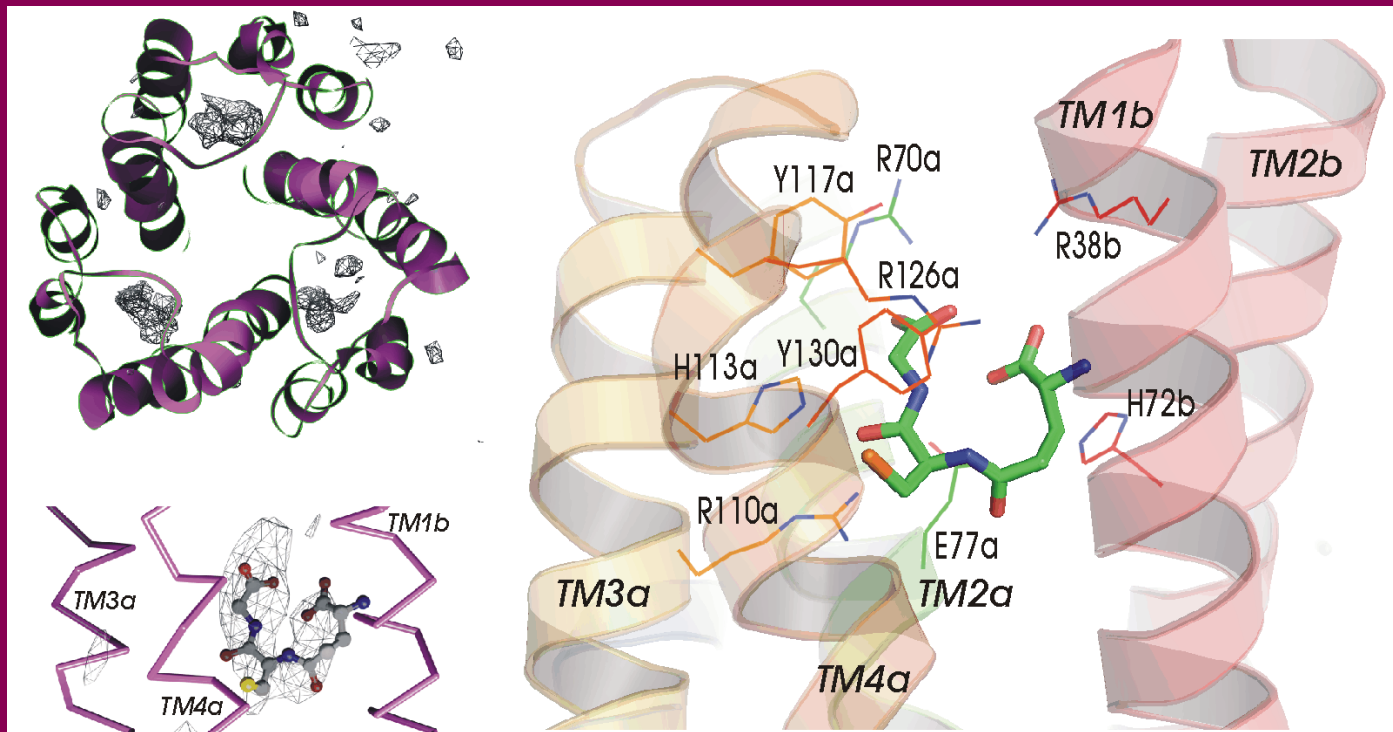


MPGES1 structure

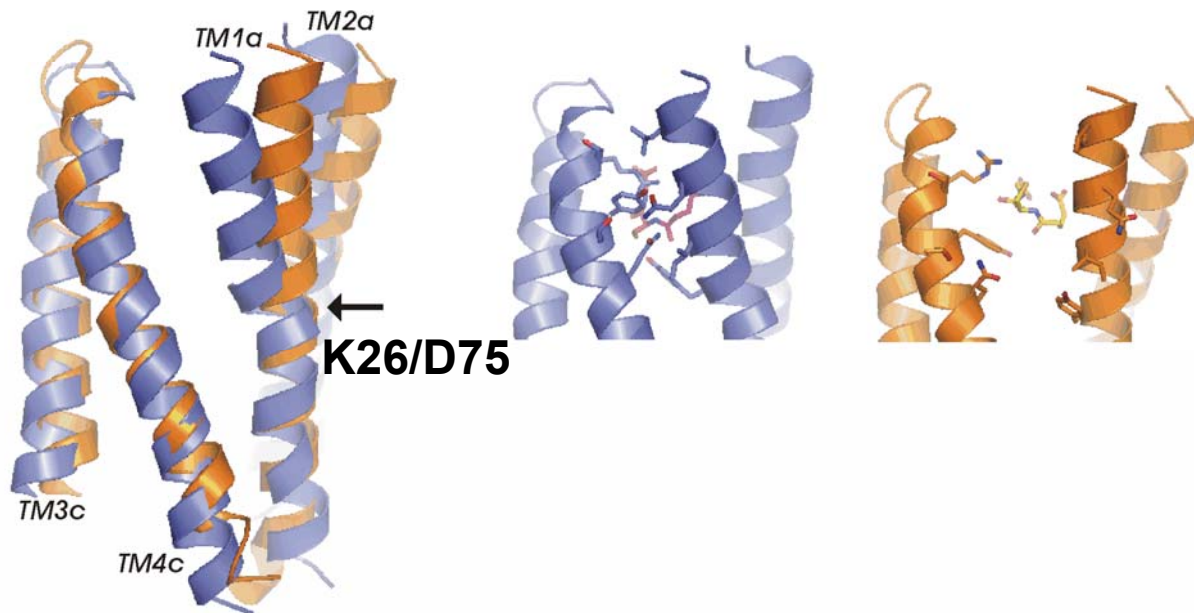
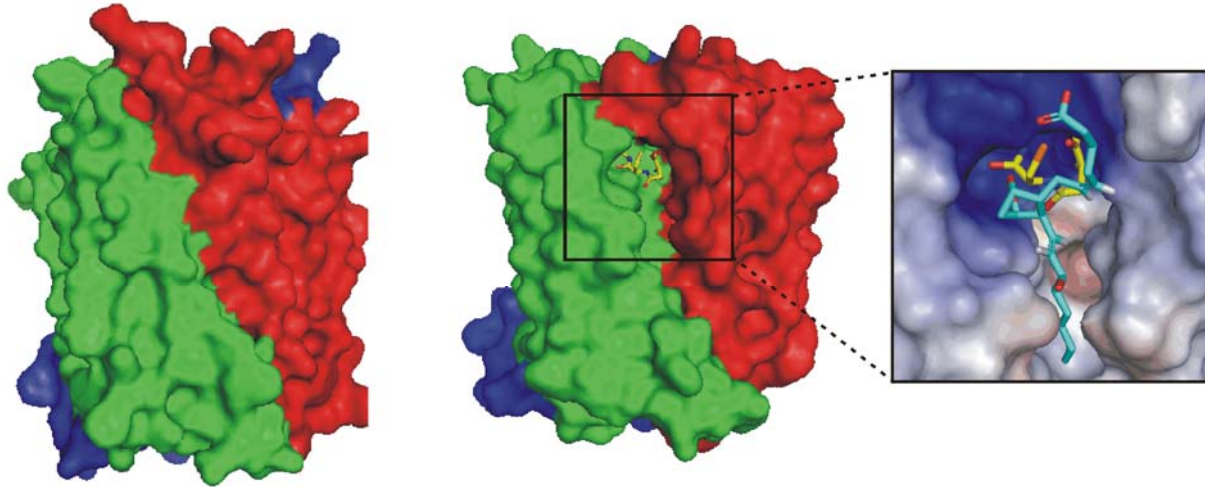


	← TM2 →	← TM3 →
rMGST1	LRTDEKVERVR RAHLN DL EN IVPFLGIGLLYSLSGPDLSTALIHFRIFVGAR RIYHTIA YLT	
hMGST1	LRTDDRVERVR RAHLN DL EN IIPFLGIGLLYSLSGPDPS T AILHFRLFV GAR RIYHTIA Y LT	
hMPGES1	CRSDPDVERCL RAHRN D ME TIYPFLFLGFVYSFLGPNPFWAWMHFLVFLVGR VAHTVA YLG	
hLTC ₄ S	TTGPP EF ERVY RAQVN C SE YFPLFLATLWVAGIFF-HEGAAALCGLVYL FAR LLRYFQG YAR	
hMGST2	VTGSP EF ERV FRAQQN C VE FYPIFIITLW MAG WYF-NQVFAT C LGLVYIYGR RHL YFWG YSE	
hFLAP	RTGTL A FERV YTANQN CVD A YPTFLAVLWS AGLLC -SQVPA A FAGLMYL FV RQKYFVG YLG	
hMGST3	PENGHIFNCIQ RAHQN TL VE VYPPFLFFLAVGGVY--HPRIASGLGLAWIVGR V LVAYG YTT	
	E66 R67 R70 H72 N74 E77	R110 Y117

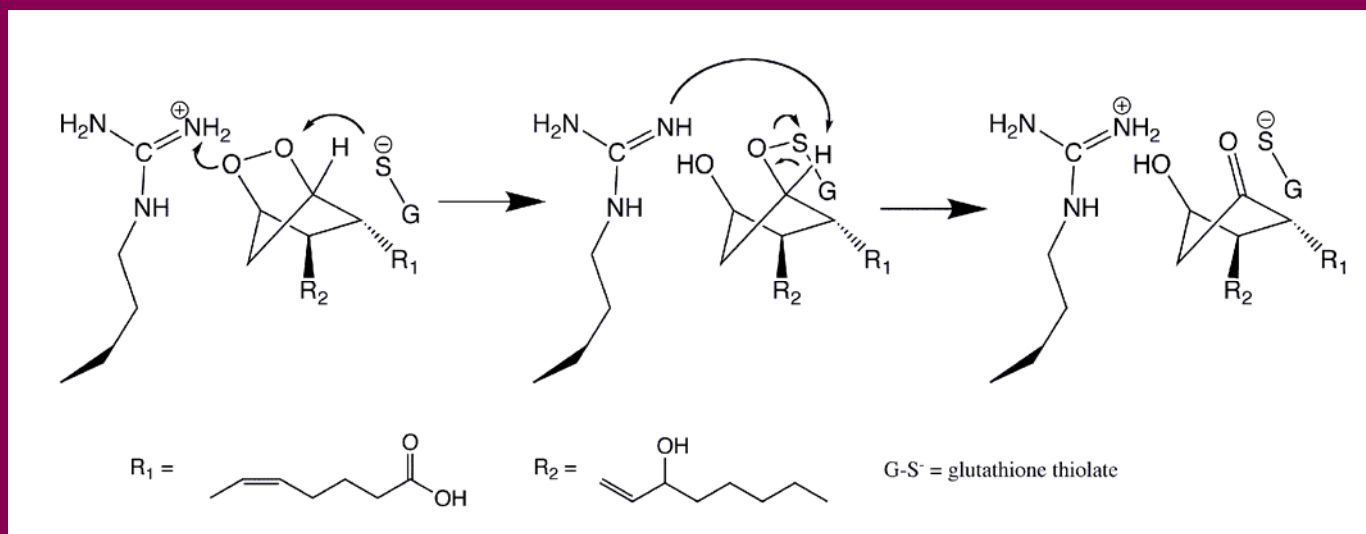
MPGES1 structure



Open/closed conformation



Suggested chemical mechanism



Attack of the GSH thiolate on O₉ of the endoperoxide bridge

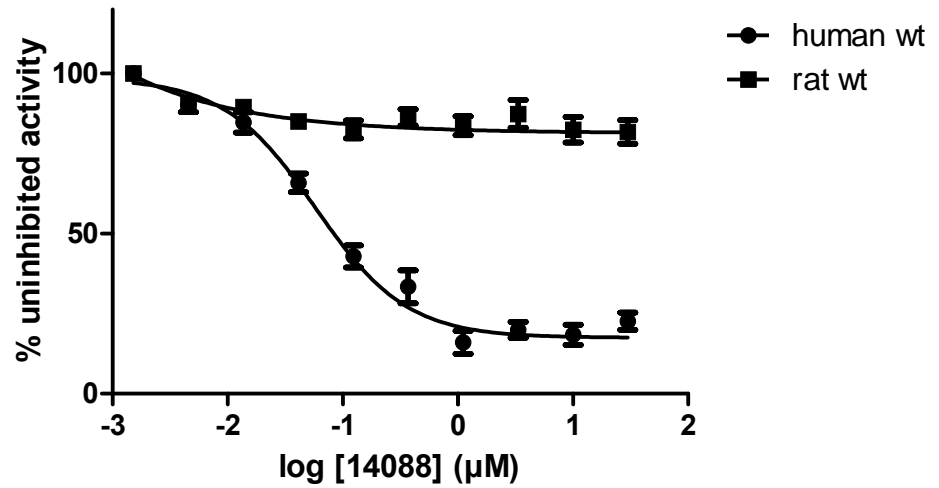
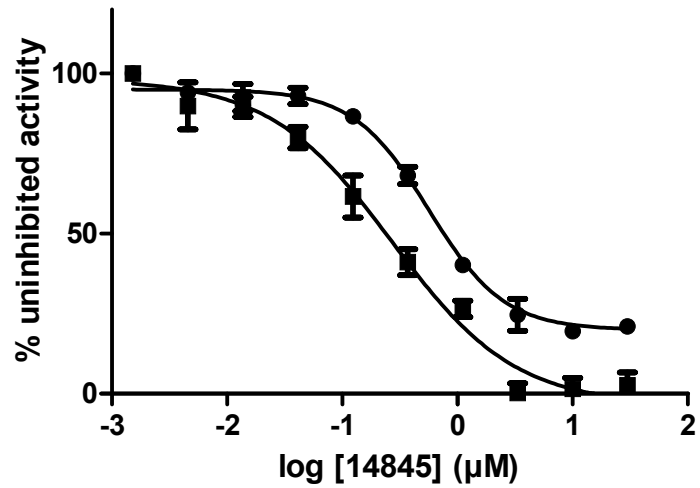
Proton donation to O₁₁ via R₁₂₆

R₁₂₆ abstracts a proton from C₉, a carbonyl is formed

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- Ligand binding at the site suggested from the MGST1 structure
- U-shaped GSH also in MPGES1
- Structural comparisons suggest conformational change during catalysis at a hinge in TM1
- Suggested chemical mechanism

Inhibition of rat and human recombinant mPGES-1



Sequences

```

human  MPAHSLAMSS PA LPAFLLC  STLLVIKMYV  VAIITGQVRL  RKKAFANPED  ALRHGGPQYC
rat    MTSLGLVMEN SQVLP AFLLC  STLLVIKMYA  VAVITGQVRL  RKKAFANPED  ALKRGGLQYC
mouse  MSPGLVMES  GQVLP AFLLC  STLLVIKMYA  VAVITGQMRL  RKKAFANPED  ALKRGGLQYY

```

```

+++++++TM1+++++++
      ↑                ↑  ↑                ↑↑  ↑  +

```

```

RSDPDVERCL RAHRNDMETI YPFLFLGFVY  SFLGPNPFVA  WMHFLVFLLG  RVVHTVAYLG
RSDPDVERCL RAHRNDMETI YPFLFLGFVY  SFLGPNPLIA  WIHFLVVLTG  RVVHTVAYLG
RSDPDVERCL RAHRNDMETI YPFLFLGFVY  SFLGPNPLIA  WIHFLVVLTG  RVVHTVAYLG

```

```

+++++++TM2+++++++
                                     ++++++++TM3+++++++
                                     ↑↑  ↑  ↑  ↑

```

```

KLRAPIRSVT YTLAQLPCAS  MALQILWEAA  RHL
KMNPRIRSGA YVLAQFACFS  MALQILWEVA  HHL
KLNPRLRSGA YVLAQFSCFS  MALQILWEVA  HHL

```

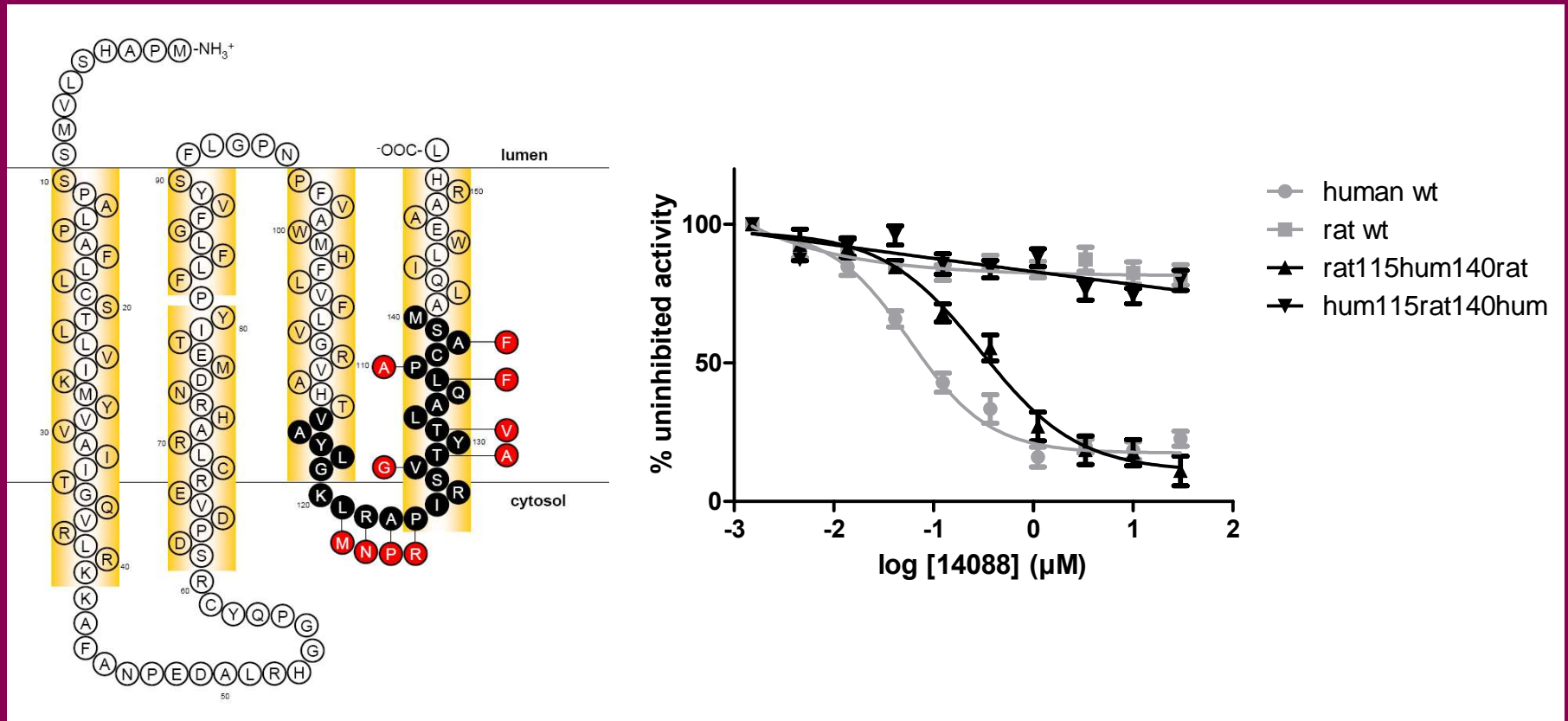
```

+++++++TM4+++++++
↑↑↑↑  ↑↑  ↑  ↑↑  ↑                ↑  ↑

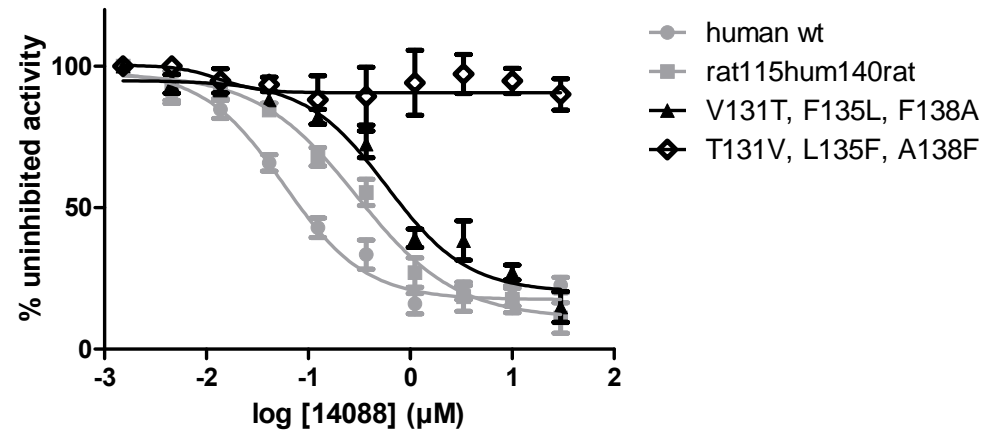
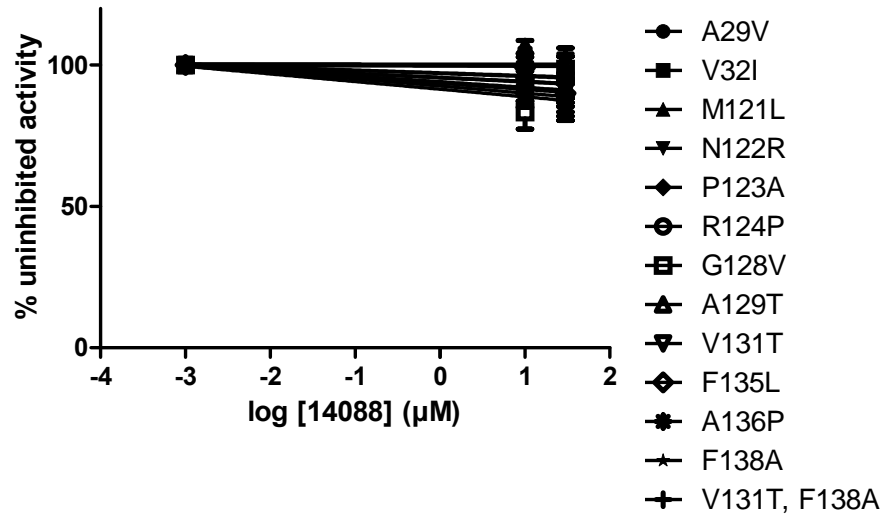
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Chimeric enzymes

rat115hum140rat, hum115rat140hum

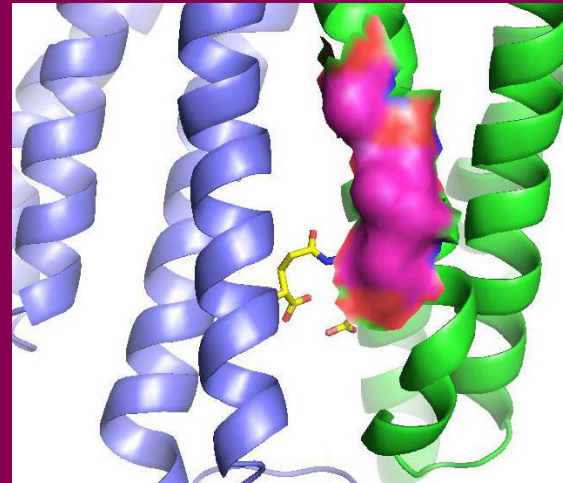
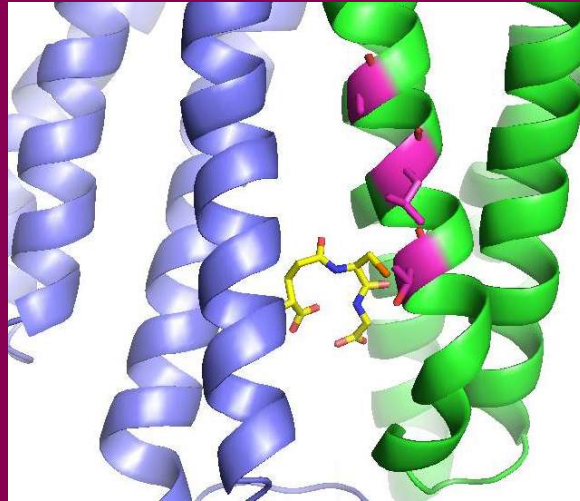


Triple mutant V131T, F135L, F138A

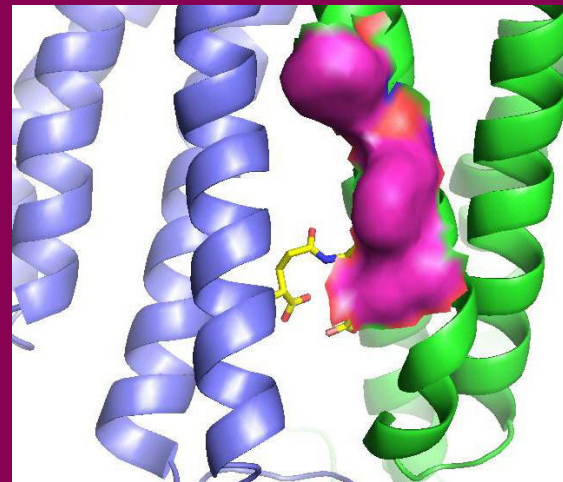
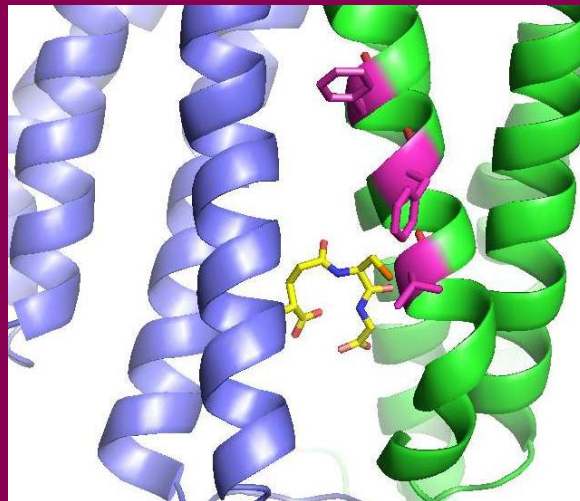


Triple mutant *V131T, F135L, F138A*

Human MPGES1



Rat MPGES1



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- GSH binds in a U-shaped conformation
- Thiol group of GSH positioned for activation by a nearby arginine (R104) at the membrane-enzyme interface
- Ligand binding at the site suggested from the MGST1 structure
- U-shaped GSH also in MPGES1
- Structural comparisons suggest conformational change during catalysis at a hinge in TM1
- Suggested chemical mechanism
- Mutations at specific positions in the MPGES1 structure alters inhibitor binding properties.

Acknowledgments

Structural studies:

Caroline Jegerschöld

Pasi Purhonen

Qie Kuang

Role of MPGES1 in pain, fever, RA....:

Sipra Saha

Karina Gheorghe

MGST1/MPGES1 collaborators:

Ralf Morgenstern

Per-Johan Jakobsson

Sven-Christian Pawelzik

AIST, Tokyo/Kyoto Univ:

Kaoru Mitsuoka

Nobuhiko Gyobu

Yoshinori Fujiyoshi



From one of our MAPEG meetings

Vanderbilt University:

Richard Armstrong, Laura Busenlehner

MGST1

Data collection and refinement statistics

Two-dimensional crystal parameters

• Two-sided plane-group	p22121	p6
• Unit cell (Å)	a=91.9	a= 81.8
•	b=90.8	b= 81.8
•	c=100.0*	c=100.0*
•	$\gamma=90.0^\circ$	$\gamma=120.0^\circ$

Phase determination from images

• Number of images used	77	53
• Maximum tilt angle ($^\circ$)	62.8	62.9
• Resolution in and normal to membrane plane (Å)**	3.5/7.0	3.5/7.0
• No. of observed/used phases	41132/9561	17915/5300
• Fourier space sampled (%)	73.4	74.4
• Phase residual, overall/4.0-3.5 Å resolution shell ($^\circ$)	21.6/54.6	30.8/42.4

Amplitude determination from electron diffraction

• No. of diffraction patterns	44	120
• Maximum tilt angle ($^\circ$)	60.6	62.6
• Resolution in and normal to membrane plane (Å)**	3.5/4.5	3.0/4.0
• No. of observed/used amplitudes	29211/11073	51754/5154
• Fourier space sampled, overall/3.35-3.16 Å (p6) (%)	58.3	78.3/64.3
• I/s, overall/4.0-3.5 Å	6.0/2.5	12.1/6.0
• RFriedel (%)	24.9	12.7
• Rmerge (%)	34.7	28.8

Crystallographic refinement

• Resolution (Å)		10.0 –3.2
• No. of reflections		4409
• No. of atoms, protein/substrate		964/20
• Rwork (%)		34.8
• RFree (%)		36.9
• Rort *** (%)		49.1
• Overall B-factor		34.5
• R.m.s. deviations		
• Bond lengths (Å)		0.014
• Bond angles ($^\circ$)		1.866
• Ramachandran plot distribution (%)		60.0/38.1/1.9/0.0

MPGES1

Data collection and refinement statistics

<u>Two-dimensional crystal parameters</u>	
• Two-sided plane-group	p22121
• Cell dimensions	
• a, b, c (Å)	93.2, 84.6, 100.0*
• γ (°)	90.0
<u>Amplitude determination from electron diffraction</u>	
• No. of diffraction pattern	100
• Maximum tilt angle (°)	62.0
• Resolution in and normal to membrane plane (Å) [†]	3.5/4.2
• No. of observed/used amplitudes	43035/6185
• Fourier space sampled (%)	58.8
• F/ σ , overall/4.0-3.5 Å	4.51/3.51
• R _{Friedel} (%)	14.4
• R _{merge} (%)	46.1
<u>Crystallographic refinement</u>	
• Resolution (Å)	10.0 – 3.5
• No. of reflections	6185
• No. of atoms, protein/substrate	3396/60
• Rwork (%)	35.2
• RFree (%)	39.4
• R.m.s. deviations	
• Bond lengths (Å)	0.012
• Bond angles (°)	1.612
• Ramachandran plot distribution (%)	79.6/17.5/2.7/0.3
• *Assumed for sampling along z*. For lattice line adaption a thickness of 65 Å was used.	
• [†] From calculation of point spread function	